

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022





### CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

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### **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

Enterprise registration certificate joint stock company

No. 0301825452 dated 18 September 1999 was initially issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City on and the latest 21th amendment dated 28 September 2022.

**Board of Directors** 

Mr. Le Tan Phuoc Chairman Mr. Nguyen Huu Thinh Member Mr. Ryota Fukuda Member Mr. Nishi Masayuki Member Mr. Le Quang Phuc Member Mr. Pham Kyle Anh Tuan Member

(from 25 Feb 2022) Mr. Lee Men Leng Member (until 24 Feb 2022)

**Audit Committee** 

Mr. Pham Kyle Anh Tuan Mr. Nguyen Huu Thinh

Chairman Member

Science and Technology

Committee

Mr. Le Tan Phuoc Mr. Nishi Masayuki Chairman Member

Compensation and

Organisation Development

Committee

Mr. Le Quang Phuc Mr. Nguyen Huu Thinh Chairman Member

**Board of Internal Audit** under Board of Directors

Ms. Huynh Nhu Phuong

Chief Supervisor (from 1 July 2022) Acting Chief Supervisor

Mr. Nguyen Chau Tran

(untill 30 June 2022)

### CORPORATE INFORMATION (continued)

Board o	of Manag	nement
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Mr. Vu Xuan Thuc

Ms. Nguyen Thi Thanh Huong

Mr. Tran Dinh Muoi Mr. Pham Ngoc Son

Mr. Huynh Khoi Binh

Mr. Nguyen Quoc Cuong

Mr. Phan Thanh Long

Mr. Dinh Ngoc Trien

Mr. Vuong Tran Quoc Thanh

Chief Executive Officer (from 1 September 2022) Chief Executive Officer

(to 4 July 2022)

Deputy General Director Deputy General Director (to 22 December 2022) Deputy General Director (to 22 December 2022) Deputy General Director

(to 1 July 2022)

Chief Financial Officer (to 31 December 2022) Chief Accountant

(from 12 September 2022)

Chief Accountant

(to 12 September 2022)

### Legal representatives

Mr. Le Tan Phuoc

Mr. Vu Xuan Thuc

Mrs. Nguyen Thi Thanh Huong

Chairman of Board of Directors

Chief Executive Officer (from 1 September 2022) Chief Executive Officer

(to 4 July 2022)

### Registered office

14<sup>th</sup> Floor, Centec Tower, 72-74 Nguyen Thi Minh Khai Street, Vo Thi Sau Ward , District 3, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

### Auditor

PwC (Vietnam) Limited

### STATEMENT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

Statement of responsibility of the Board of Management of the Company in respect of the consolidated financial statements

The Board of Management of Searefico Corporation ("the Company") is responsible for preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (together, "the Group") which give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2022, and of the consolidated results of its operations and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended. In preparing these consolidated financial statements, the Board of Management is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group will continue in business.

The Board of Management is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the consolidated financial position of the Group and which enable the consolidated financial statements to be prepared which comply with the basis of accounting set out in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements. The Board of Management is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud or error.

### Approval of the consolidated financial statements

We hereby approve the accompanying consolidated financial statements as set out on pages 6 to 60 which give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2022, and of the consolidated results of its operations and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

On behalf of the Board of Management

Vu Xuan Thuc

Chief Executive Officer

Legal representative

Ho Chi Minh City, SR Vietnam 15 March 2023



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS AND THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF SEAREFICO CORPORATION

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Searefico Corporation ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (together, "the Group") which were prepared on 31 December 2022 and approved by the Board of Management on 15 March 2023. The consolidated financial statements comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2022, the consolidated income statement and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and explanatory notes to the consolidated financial statements including significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 6 to 60.

### Responsibility of the Board of Management

The Board of Management of the Company is responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements of the Company in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on the preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements, and for such internal control which the Board of Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical standards and requirements and plan and perform the audit in order to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Group's preparation and true and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Board of Management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



### **Auditor's Opinion**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2022, its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on the preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements.

### **Other Matter**

The independent auditor's report is prepared in Vietnamese and English. Should there be any conflict between the Vietnamese and English versions, the Vietnamese version shall take precedence.

For and on behalf of PwC (Vietnam) Limited

CÔNG TY
TNAH
\* PWC (VIỆT NAM)

Quach Thanh Chau Audit Practising Licence No: 0875-2023-006-1 Authorised signatory

Report reference number: HCM13019 Ho Chi Minh City, 15 March 2023 Tran Thi Cam Tu Audit Practising Licence No: 2713-2023-006-1

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Form B 01 - DN/HN

### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

			As at 31 December		
		-	2022	2021	
Code	ASSETS	Note	VND	VND	
100	CURRENT ASSETS		1,381,724,918,285	1,332,532,232,066	
<b>110</b> 111 112	Cash and cash equivalents Cash Cash equivalents	3	<b>238,793,514,210</b> 77,806,479,608 160,987,034,602	<b>60,499,313,356</b> 59,714,313,356 785,000,000	
<b>120</b> 123	Short-term investments Investments held to maturity	4(a)	<b>117,992,162,805</b> 117,992,162,805	<b>110,359,200,000</b> 110,359,200,000	
130 131 132 136 137	Short-term receivables Short-term trade accounts receivable Short-term prepayments to suppliers Other short-term receivables Provision for doubtful debts – short-term	5 6 7(a) 8	<b>726,681,910,174</b> 740,636,685,376 52,177,273,593 42,563,598,323 (108,695,647,118)	<b>782,001,895,799</b> 726,004,583,852 49,671,980,022 37,664,977,608 (31,339,645,683)	
<b>140</b> 141 149	Inventories Inventories Provision for decline in value of inventories	9	<b>274,965,147,940</b> 278,025,157,540 (3,060,009,600)	<b>333,318,564,993</b> 334,185,494,833 (866,929,840)	
<b>150</b> 151 152	Other current assets Short-term prepaid expenses Value added tax ("VAT") to be reclaimed	10(a) 15(a)	<b>23,292,183,156</b> 4,031,449,826 18,038,625,008	<b>46,353,257,918</b> 2,582,141,019 42,787,280,422	
153	Tax and other receivables from the State	15(a)	1,222,108,322	983,836,477	

Form B 01 - DN/HN

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

			As at 31 December		
Code	ASSETS (continued)	Note	2022 VND	2021 VND	
oodo	AGGETG (continued)	Note	VIVD	VIND	
200	LONG-TERM ASSETS		348,839,766,969	520,729,143,686	
<b>210</b> 216	Long-term receivables Other long-term receivables	7(b)	<b>2,613,729,919</b> 2,613,729,919	<b>1,836,601,000</b> 1,836,601,000	
220 221 222 223	Fixed assets Tangible fixed assets Historical cost Accumulated depreciation	11(a)	259,791,970,916 256,140,807,646 387,597,218,457 (131,456,410,811)	<b>272,811,914,314</b> 269,843,368,020 385,602,156,131 (115,758,788,111)	
224 225 226	Finance lease fixed assets Historical cost Accumulated depreciation		1,030,750,000 1,030,750,000 -	- - -	
227 228 229	Intangible fixed assets Historical cost Accumulated amortisation	11(b)	2,620,413,270 6,022,927,119 (3,402,513,849)	2,968,546,294 5,941,197,119 (2,972,650,825)	
<b>240</b> 242	Long-term assets in progress Construction in progress	12	<b>33,630,897,821</b> 33,630,897,821	<b>33,417,126,812</b> 33,417,126,812	
<b>250</b> 252 253	Long-term investments Investments in associate Investments in other entities	4(b) 4(c)	<b>5,556,717,362</b> 2,100,000,000 3,456,717,362	<b>165,955,372,698</b> 161,498,655,336 4,456,717,362	
<b>260</b> 261 262	Other long-term assets Long-term prepaid expenses Deferred income tax assets	10(b) 22	<b>47,246,450,951</b> 32,693,859,713 14,552,591,238	<b>46,708,128,862</b> 31,983,351,721 14,724,777,141	
270	TOTAL ASSETS		1,730,564,685,254	1,853,261,375,752	

### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

		_	As at 31 D	ecember
Code	RESOURCES	Note	2022 VND	2021 VND
300	LIABILITIES		1,301,575,884,207	1,279,580,524,672
310 311 312 313 314 315 318	Short-term liabilities Short-term trade accounts payable Short-term advances from customers Tax and other payables to the State Payables to employees Short-term accrued expenses Short-term unearned revenue	13 14 15(b) 16 17	1,221,362,611,541 381,177,211,923 207,837,260,842 14,179,234,589 8,743,231,640 143,284,462,930 247,500,000	1,182,852,743,920 306,522,366,234 109,448,135,163 8,622,944,187 14,636,229,315 90,617,043,576
319 320	Other short-term payables Short-term borrowings and finance lease liabilities	18(a)	23,317,044,624	31,005,707,596
321 322	Provision for short-term liabilities Bonus and welfare funds	19(a) 20(a) 21	434,826,585,553 612,019,662 7,138,059,778	607,247,979,184 1,376,538,681 13,375,799,984
330 331 337 338	Long-term liabilities Long-term trade accounts payables Other long-term payables Long-term borrowings and finance	18(b)	<b>80,213,272,666</b> 635,200,000 1,160,000,000	<b>96,727,780,752</b> 3,625,454,585
342	lease liabilities Provision for long-term liabilities	19(b) 20(b)	76,305,660,916 2,112,411,750	90,578,404,417 2,523,921,750
400	OWNERS' EQUITY		428,988,801,047	573,680,851,080
410 411 411a 412 414 415 418 421 421a	Capital and reserves Owners' capital - Ordinary shares with voting rights Share premium Owners' other capital Treasury shares Investment and development funds Undistributed earnings - Undistributed post-tax profits of	23, 24 24 24 24 24 24 24	428,988,801,047 355,667,800,000 355,667,800,000 284,019,059 4,415,811,246 (29,238,407,099) 8,308,963,938 412,708,023	573,680,851,080 355,667,800,000 355,667,800,000 284,019,059 4,415,811,246 (29,238,407,099) 8,308,963,938 144,650,123,767
421b	previous years - (Post-tax loss)/post-tax profit of current year		141,706,737,915 (141,294,029,892)	115,185,462,889 29,464,660,878
429	Non-controlling interests	25	89,137,905,880	89,592,540,169
440	TOTAL RESOURCES		1,730,564,685,254	1,853,261,375,752
Nguye Prepar	n Thanh Tam Per  Dinh Ngoc T Chief Accou		CHIEF	ensite officer arch 2023

The notes on pages 11 to 60 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

### CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

			Year ended 31	December
Code		Note	2022 VND	2021 VND
01	Revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services		1,185,608,421,970	930,440,139,439
10	Net revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services	29	1,185,608,421,970	930,440,139,439
11	Cost of goods sold and services rendered	30	(1,204,372,883,631)	(843,891,078,275)
20	Gross (loss)/profit from sales of goods and rendering of services		(18,764,461,661)	86,549,061,164
21 22 23 24 25 26	Financial income Financial expenses - Including: Interest expense Profit sharing from associates Selling expenses General and administration expenses	31 32 32 33	104,618,916,125 (48,794,021,825) (38,869,072,408) - (4,140,041,538) (160,426,807,631)	12,668,515,570 (36,730,691,545) (36,489,486,150) 17,358,037,857 (3,574,053,547) (43,736,291,813)
30	Net operating (loss)/profit		(127,506,416,530)	32,534,577,686
31 32 <b>40</b>	Other income Other expenses Net other income	34 34	3,679,981,308 (3,066,750,369) <b>613,230,939</b>	6,577,174,740 (1,201,250,624) <b>5,375,924,116</b>
50	Net accounting (loss)/profit before tax		(126,893,185,591)	37,910,501,802
51 52	Corporate income tax ("CIT") - current CIT - deferred	35 35	(14,264,767,864) (172,185,903)	(5,672,588,879) 2,121,875,634
60	Net (loss)/profit after tax		(141,330,139,358)	34,359,788,557
61 62	Attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests		(141,294,029,892) (36,109,466)	29,464,660,878 4,895,127,679
70 71	Basic (losses)/earnings per share Diluted (losses)/earnings per share	27(a) 27(b)	(4,269) (4,269) (4,269)	738 738
Nguye Prepar	n Thanh Tam Per  Dinh Ngoc T Chief Accou		Chief E	Thuc Executive Officer rch 2023

The notes on pages 11 to 60 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

### CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT (Indirect method)

				31 December
Code		Note	2022 VND	2021 VND
	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
01	Net accounting (loss)/profit before tax Adjustments for:		(126,893,185,591)	37,910,501,802
02 03	Depreciation and amortisation Provision/(reversal of provisions)	36	16,875,130,755	16,866,016,999
04	Unrealised foreign exchange losses/(gains)	32, 31	79,846,466,459 1,673,920,556	(8,874,750,919) (3,087,573,219)
05 06	Profits from investing activities Interest expense	32	(102,786,291,514) 38,869,072,408	(26,174,486,989)
80	Operating (loss)/profit before changes in working capital		, , ,	7 9 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 8
09	Decrease in receivables		<b>(92,414,886,927)</b> 4,226,602,282	<b>53,129,193,824</b> 97,137,497,748
10 11	Decrease/(increase) in inventories Increase/(decrease) in payables		56,199,080,306 207,646,264,488	(50,304,640,872) (38,163,430,152)
12	(Increase)/decrease in prepaid expenses		(1,087,220,708)	2,004,146,641
14 15	Interest paid CIT paid	15(b)	(39,242,862,844) (8,310,132,863)	(36,234,562,456) (9,132,132,328)
17	Other payments on operating activities	10(5)	(9,819,160,881)	(9, 102, 698, 473)
20	Net cash inflows from operating activities		117,197,682,853	9,333,373,932
04	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(0.00/.0/.0/.0)	
21 22	Purchases of fixed assets and other long-term asse Proceeds from disposals of fixed assets	ets	(6,984,243,598) 191,850,000	(16,910,289,291) 1,184,541,334
23	Loans granted, purchases of debt instruments of other entities		(267,226,841,189)	(10,359,200,000)
24	Collection of term deposits at banks, proceeds			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
26	from sales of debt instruments of other entities Proceeds from divestment of investments in		259,593,878,384	78,250,000,000
27	associate and other entities Dividends and interest received		247,985,199,980 15,118,221,503	19,388,249,325
30	Net cash inflows from investing activities		248,678,065,080	71,553,301,368
	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
31	Proceeds from issue of shares		-	10,769,040,000
33 34	Proceeds from borrowings Repayments of borrowings	19 19	851,627,429,735 (1,039,129,674,867)	1,503,870,183,391 (1,597,617,705,330)
35 36	Finance lease principal repayments		(82,460,000)	
40	Dividends paid  Net cash outflows from financing activities		(187,584,705,132)	(526,611,250) <b>(83,505,093,189)</b>
50	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash			
50	equivalents		178,291,042,801	(2,618,417,889)
60	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	3	60,499,313,356	63,100,216,101
61	Effect of foreign exchange differences		3,158,053	17,515,144
70	Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	3	238,793,514,210 5 PHÂM	60,499,313,356
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	<i>Y</i> / <i>I</i> /		EAREF	Eo land
	<u></u>	_	3 400 - Tak	*//
Nguyen Prepare	Thanh Tam Dinh Ngoc Trien r Chief Accountant		O MEXITAN	Thus ecutive Officer
	oo.		15 March	

The notes on pages 11 to 60 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Form B 09 - DN/HN

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

### 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Searefico Corporation ("the Company") is a joint stock company established in SR Vietnam pursuant to Enterprise registration certificate joint stock company ("ERCJSC") No. 0301825452 which was initially issued by the Department of Planning and Investment ("DPI") of Ho Chi Minh City, dated 18 September 1999 and the latest amendment dated 28 Sepember 2022 for purpose of updating on the Legal representative – Mr. Vu Xuan Thuc - the Chief Executive Officer of the Company under Decision No. 012/NQ/SRF/HĐQT/22 dated 1 September 2022 and the updating on Mr. Le Tan Phuoc's citizen identification card - the Legal representative who is also the Chairman of the Company.

The Company's shares were listed on the Ho Chi Minh City Stock Exchange ("HOSE") with the symbol "SRF" in accordance with License No. 117/QĐ-SGDHCM dated 29 September 2009, and the first trading date of the Company's shares was on 21 October 2009.

The Company's principal activities are to consult, survey, design, supply materials and equipment and provide installation services in relation to industrial refrigeration projects, air conditioning system, electricity system, fire prevention and fighting system, lift, water supply and drainage system, mechanics for industrial and household projects; produce and process, fabricate refrigeration machinery, equipment and materials; execute construction and interior, exterior decoration projects for civil works and industrial projects; provide maintenance and repair services of refrigeration equipment and transportation vehicles; trade materials and goods, machiery and equipment; execute construction of road and rail transportation infrastructures, public projects and houses.

The normal business cycle of the Company and its subsidiaries (together, "the Group") is 12 months for production and service activities, and from 12 (twelve) months to 24 (twenty-four) months for construction activities.

The Company has one branch, Danang Refrigeration Electrical Engineering Branch – Searefico Refrigeration Industry Corporation ("the Branch"). The Branch is incorporated pursuant to the branch operation registration certificate No. 0301825452-001 initially issued by the DPI of Da Nang City on 17 January 2000, and these amendments. The Branch's registered office is located at Street 10, Hoa Khanh Industry Zone, Hoa Khanh Bac Ward, Lien Chieu District, Da Nang City, Vietnam.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had 387 employees (31 December 2021: 571 employees).

### 1 GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

As at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, the Company had subsidiaries and associates as follows:

		Place of incorporation				
	Principal activities	and operation	31.12.20		31.12.20	21
			Ownership (%)	Voting rights (%)	Ownership (%)	Voting rights (%)
Direct subsidiaries Searefico Engineering and Construction Joint Stock Company ("Searefico E&C")	Installation of industrial refrigeration projects, air conditioning systems	District 3, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam	99.31	99.31	99.31	99.31
Seareal Real Estate Joint Stock Company ("Seareal")	Trading real estate	District 3, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam	98.40	98.40	98.40	98.40
Asia Refrigeration Industry Joint Stock Company ("Arico")	Execution of refrigeration electrical mechanical systems; producing insulated materials	Binh Tan District, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam	84.00	84.00	84.00	84.00
Indirect subsidiaries Searee Refrigeration Electrical Engineering Corporation ("Searee")	Execution of refrigeration electrical mechanical systems	Lien Chieu District, Da Nang City, Vietnam	73.19	73.70	73.19	73.70
Phoenix Energy & Automation Joint Stock Company ("Phoenix")	Producing, transmitting and distributing electricity; installation of electrical systems	District 3, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam	37.80	75.00	37.80	75.00
Greenpan Joint Stock Company ("Greenpan")	Producing unburnt light materials, PIR fireproof panels (polyisocyanurate)	Binh Tan District, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam	48.64	52.50	48.64	52.50
Associates Quang Phu Investment and Solution Joint Stock Company ("Quang Phu")	Electricity production	Hue City, Thua Thien – Hue Province, Vietnam	11.34	30.00	11.34	30.00
SEA MH Solar Limited Company ("Solar")	Power production	Bac Lieu City, Bac Lieu Province, Vietnam	11.34	30.00	11.34	30.00
Thua Thien Hue Construction Joint Stock Corporation ("HCC") (*)	Construction of civil and industrial projects	Hue City, Thua Thien – Hue Province, Vietnam	0.00	0.00	36.00	36.00

<sup>(\*)</sup> According to the resolution of the Board of Directors No. 01/QĐ/SRF/HĐQT/22 dated 17 January 2022, the Company has divested all the shares that the Company owned in Thua Thien Hue Construction Joint Stock Corporation. This divestment was completed on 21 March 2022 with amount of VND246,985,200,000.

### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 2.1 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on the preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Vietnam. The accounting principles and practices utilised in Vietnam may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Vietnam.

The consolidated financial statements in Vietnamese language are the official statutory consolidated financial statements of the Company. The consolidated financial statements in English language have been translated from the Vietnamese language version.

### 2.2 Fiscal year

The Company's fiscal year is from 1 January to 31 December.

### 2.3 Currency

The consolidated financial statements are measured and presented in Vietnamese Dong ("VND"), which is the Company's accounting currency.

### 2.4 Exchange rates

Transactions arising in foreign currencies are translated at exchange rates prevailing at the transaction dates. Foreign exchange differences arising from these transactions are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the consolidated balance sheet date are respectively translated at the buying and selling exchange rates at the consolidated balance sheet date of the commercial bank where the Group regularly transacts. Foreign currencies deposited in banks at the consolidated balance sheet date are translated at the buying exchange rate of the commercial bank with which the Group opens its foreign currency accounts. Foreign exchange differences arising from these translations are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

Form B 09 - DN/HN

### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.5 Basis of consolidation

### (a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies in order to gain future benefits from their activities generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

In a multi-phase acquisition, when determining goodwill or bargain purchase, the consideration is the sum of the total consideration on the date of acquiring control and previous considerations remeasured to fair value on the date of control acquisition.

Inter-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains and losses on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiary have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same accounting period of the Group for consolidation purpose. If there are differences in end dates, the gap must not exceed 3 months. Adjustments are made to reflect impacts of significant transactions and events occurring between the end dates of the subsidiaries' accounting period and that of the Group's. The length of the reporting period and differences in reporting date must be consistent between years.

### Non-controlling transactions and interests

The Group applies a policy for transactions with non-controlling interests as transactions with external parties to the Group.

Non-controlling interests ("NCI") are measured at their proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets at date of acquisition.

A divestment of the Group's interest in a subsidiary that does not result in a loss of control is accounted for as a transaction with owners. The difference between the change in the Group's share of net assets of the subsidiary and any consideration paid or received from divestment of the Group's interest in the subsidiary is recorded directly in the undistributed earnings under equity.

- 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
- 2.5 Basis of consolidation (continued)
- (a) Subsidiaries (continued)

### Non-controlling transactions and interests (continued)

In a divestment of the Group's interest in a subsidiary that results in a loss of control, the difference between the Group's share in the net assets of the subsidiary and the net proceeds from divestment is recognised in the consolidated income statement. The retained interest in the entity will be accounted for as either an investment in an other entity or an investment to be accounted for as equity since the divestment date.

### (b) Associates

Joint ventures are contractual arrangements whereby two or more parties undertake an economic activity which is subject to joint control. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in joint ventures and associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and are initially recognised at cost. The Group's investment in joint ventures and associates includes goodwill identified on acquisition, net of any accumulated impairment loss.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of its joint ventures and those of its associates is recognised in the consolidated income statement. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in a joint venture or associate equals or exceeds its interest in the joint venture or associate, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the joint venture or associate

Accounting policies of joint ventures and associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Unrealised gains and losses on transactions between the Group and its joint ventures and associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the joint ventures and associates.

### 2.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, cash at bank, demand deposits and other short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

### 2.7 Receivables

Receivables represent trade receivables from customers arising from sales of goods and rendering of services or non-trade receivables from others and are stated at cost. Provision for doubtful debts is made for each outstanding amount based on overdue days in payment according to the initial payment commitment (exclusive of the payment rescheduling between parties), or based on the estimated loss that may arise. Bad debts are written off after 100% provisioning and approval by the Board of Directors.

Receivables are classified into short-term and long-term receivables on the consolidated balance sheet based on the remaining period from the consolidated balance sheet date to the maturity date.

### Inventories 2.8

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost includes all costs of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost for each type of inventories is determined as follows:

Raw materials, tools and supplies

- Cost of purchase on a weighted average basis.

Finished goods and work in progress

- Cost of direct materials and labour plus manufacturing overheads directly attributable to specific projects.

Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price of the materials and constructions in the normal course of business less the estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

The Group applies the perpetual system for inventories.

An inventory provision is created for the estimated loss arising due to the impairment (through diminution, damage, obsolescence, etc.) of inventories owned by the Group, based on appropriate evidence of impairment available at the consolidated balance sheet date. The difference between the provision of this year and the provision of the previous year are recognised as an increase or decrease of cost of goods sold and services rendered in the year.

### 2.9 Investments

### (a) Investments held to maturity

Investments held to maturity are investments which the Group has positive intention and ability to hold until maturity.

Investments held to maturity include bank term deposits. Those investments are initially accounted for at cost less provision. Subsequently, the Board of Management reviews all outstanding investments to determine the amount of provision to recognise at the year end.

Provision for diminution in value of investments held to maturity is made when there is evidence that the investments are uncollectible in whole or in part. Changes in the provision balance during the fiscal year are recorded as an increase or decrease in financial expenses. A reversal, if any, is made only to the extent the investment is restored to its original cost.

Investments held to maturity are classified into short-term and long-term investments held to maturity on the consolidated balance sheet based on the remaining period from the consolidated balance sheet date to the maturity date.

### (b) Investments in associates

Investments in associates are accounted using the equity method when preparing the consolidated financial statements (Note 2.5).

### (c) Investments in other entities

Investments in other entities are investments in equity instruments of other entity without controlling rights or co-controlling rights, or without significant influence over the investee. These investments are accounted for initially at cost. Subsequently, the Board of Management reviews all outstanding investments to determine the amount of provision to recognise at the year end.

Provision for investments in other entities is made when there is a diminution in value of the investments at the year end. It is calculated based on market value if market value can be determined reliably. If market value can not be determined reliably, the provision for investments in other entities is calculated based on the loss of investees. Changes in the provision balance during the accounting year are recorded as an increase or decrease in financial expenses. A reversal, if any, is made only to the extent the investment is restored to its original cost.

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### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.10 Construction contracts

A construction contract is a contract specifically negotiated for the construction of an asset or a combination of assets that are closely interrelated or interdependent in terms of design, technology and functions or ultimate purpose of use.

When the outcome of a construction contract cannot be reliably estimated, contract revenue is recognised to the extent of contract costs incurred where it is probable those costs will be recoverable. Contract costs are only recognised when incurred during the period.

When the outcome of a contract can be estimated reliably, and the contractor is paid in accordance with the planned schedule, contract revenue and contract costs are recognised over the period of the contract as revenue and expenses, respectively. The Group uses the realised volume value method to determine the appropriate amounts of revenue and expenses to recognize during the period. The value of the executed volume is determined by the value of the completed construction work in the period confirmed by the customer.

### 2.11 Fixed assets

Tangible and intangible fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation/amortisation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the fixed assets bringing them to suitable conditions for their intended use. Expenditure which is incurred subsequently and has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of fixed assets, can be capitalised as an additional historical cost. Otherwise, such expenditure is charged to the consolidated income statement when incurred in the year.

### Depreciation and amortisation

Fixed assets are depreciated and amortised using the straight-line method so as to write off the depreciable amount of the fixed assets over their estimated useful lives. Depreciable amount equals to the historical cost of assets recorded in the consolidated financial statements minus (-) the estimated disposal value of such assets. The estimated useful lives of each asset class are as follows:

Plants and buildings	5 - 35 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 20 years
Motor vehicles	6 - 10 years
Office equipment	3 - 8 years
Computer software	3 - 10 years
Others	2 - 20 years

Fixed assets of PIR project and the solar rooftop project are depreciated using product quantity output method, based on the economic and technical of fixed assets, the Group determines the total products quantity produced as the designed capacity of those fixed assets, thereby calculate the average depreciation amount of a produced unit.

### 2.11 Fixed assets (continued)

### Disposals

Gains or losses on disposals are determined by comparing net disposal proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised as income or expense in the consolidated income statement.

### Construction in progress

Construction in progress represents the cost of assets in the course of installation or construction for production, rental or administrative purposes, or for purposes not yet determined, which are recorded at cost and comprise of such necessary costs to construct, repair and maintain, upgrade, renew or equip the projects with technologies as all necessary costs for new construction or repair, renovation, expansion or reengineering of construction techniques such as construction costs; costs of tools and equipment; project management expenditures; and capitalised borrowing costs for qualifying assets in accordance with the Group's accounting policies. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other fixed assets, commences when they are ready for their intended use.

### 2.12 Operating leases

Leases where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

### 2.13 Investment properties held for lease

The historical cost of an investment property held for lease represents the amount of cash or cash equivalents paid or the fair value of another consideration given to acquire the investment property at the time of its acquisition or completion of construction. Expenditure incurred subsequently which has resulted in an increase in the expected future economic benefits from the use of investment properties can be capitalised as an additional historical cost. Otherwise, such expenditure is charged to the consolidated income statement when incurred in the year.

### Depreciation and amortisation

Investment properties held for lease are depreciated on straight-line basis to write off the depreciable amount of the assets over their estimated useful lives. Depreciable amount equals to the historical cost of assets recorded in the consolidated financial statements minus (-) the estimated disposal value of such assets. The estimated useful life of a building is 15 years.

### Disposals

Gains or losses on disposals are determined by comparing net disposal proceeds with the carrying amount of investment properties and are recognised as income or expense in the consolidated income statement.

### 2.14 Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses include short-term or long-term prepayments on the consolidated balance sheet. Short-term prepaid expenses represent prepayments for services; or tools that do not meet the recognition criteria for fixed assets for a period not exceeding 12 months or a business cycle from the date of prepayment. Long-term prepaid expenses represent prepayments for services; or tools, which do not meet the recognition criteria for fixed assets for a period exceeding 12 months or more than one business cycle from the date of prepayment. Prepaid expenses are recorded at historical cost and allocated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives or the period which economic benefits are generated in relation to these expenses.

Prepayments for land rental contracts which are effective after the effective date of the land law 2003 (ie. 1 July 2004) or which land use right certificates are not granted are recorded as prepaid expenses and allocated using the straight-line method over the terms of such land use right certificates.

### 2.15 Payables

Classifications of payables are based on their nature as follows:

- Trade accounts payable are trade payables arising from purchases of goods and services; and
- Other payables are non-trade payables and payables not relating to purchases of goods and services.

Payables are classified into short-term and long-term payables on the consolidated balance sheet based on remaining period from the consolidated balance sheet date to the maturity date.

### 2.16 Borrowings and finance lease liabilities

Borrowings and finance lease liabilities include borrowings and finance lease liabilities from banks, financial institutions and related party.

Borrowings and finance lease liabilities are classified into short-term and long-term borrowings and finance lease liabilities on the consolidated balance sheet based on the remaining period from the consolidated balance sheet date to the maturity date.

Borrowings and finance lease liabilities costs that are directly attributable to the construction or production of any qualifying assets are capitalised during the period that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. In respect of general-purpose borrowings, a portion of which used for the purpose of construction or production of any qualifying assets, the Group determines the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation by applying a capitalisation rate to the weighted average expenditure on the assets. The capitalisation rate is the weighted average of the interest rates applicable to the Group's borrowings that are outstanding during the year, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset. Other borrowing costs are recognised in the consolidated income statement when incurred.

### 2.17 Accrued expenses

Accrued expenses include liabilities for goods and services received in the year but not yet paid for due to pending invoice or insufficient records and documents; other payables to employees; accrued interest expenses and project costs in the fiscal year. Accrued expenses are recorded as expenses in the fiscal year.

### 2.18 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provision is not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the level of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligations. If the time value of money is material, provision will be measured at the present value using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as a financial expense. Changes in the provision balance during the fiscal year are recorded as an increase or decrease in operating expenses.

### 2.19 Provision for severance allowances

In accordance with Vietnamese labour laws, employees of the Group who have worked regularly for full 12 months or longer, are entitled to a severance allowance. The working period used for the calculation of severance allowance is the period during which the employee actually works for the Group less the period during which the employee participates in the unemployment insurance scheme in accordance with the labour regulations and the working period for which the employee has received severance allowance from the Group.

The severance allowance is accrued at the end of the reporting period on the basis that each employee is entitled half of an average monthly salary for each working year. The average monthly salary used for calculating the severance allowance is the employee's contract average salary for the year prior to the consolidated balance sheet date.

This allowance will be paid as a lump sum when employees terminate their labour contracts in according with current regulations.

### 2.20 Owners' capital

Owners' capital is recorded according to the actual amounts contributed and is recorded according to par value of the shares.

Share premium is the difference between the par value and the issue price of shares and the difference between the repurchase price and re-issuing price of treasury shares.

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### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.20 Owners' capital (continued)

Treasury shares brought before the effective date of the Securities Law (i.e. 1 January 2021) are shares issued by the Company and bought-back by itself, but these are not cancelled and may be re-issued subsequently in accordance with the Law on securities.

Treasury shares brought after 1 January 2021 will be cancelled and adjusted to reduce equity.

Undistributed earnings record the Group's results after CIT and appropriation of profit at the reporting date.

### 2.21 Appropriation of profit

The Group's dividends are recognised as a liability in the Group's consolidated financial statements in the year in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders at the General Meeting.

Net profit after CIT could be distributed to shareholders after approval of the Company's shareholders at the General Meeting, and after appropriation to funds in accordance with the Company's charter and Vietnamese regulations.

The Group maintains the following reserves which are appropriated from the Company's profit after CIT as proposed by the Board of Directors and subject to approval by the Company's shareholders at the General Meeting:

### (a) Investment and development fund

The investment and development fund is appropriated from net profit after CIT of the Group and approved by shareholders in the General Meeting of shareholders. Investment and development fund is appropriated for use in the Group's expansion or upgrading of its operation or in-depth investments.

### (b) Bonus and welfare fund

The bonus and welfare fund is appropriated from the Group's netprofit after CIT and subject to shareholders' approval at the General Meeting of shareholders. Bonus and welfare fund is presented as a liability on the consolidated balance sheet. This fund is appropriated for the purpose of pecuniary rewarding and encouragement, common benefits and improvement of the employees' benefits.

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### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.22 Revenue recognition

### (a) Revenue from sales of goods

Revenue from sales of goods is recognised in the consolidated income statement when all five (5) of the following conditions are satisfied:

- The Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- The Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group; and
- The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably

No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due or the possible return of goods.

Revenue is recognised in accordance with the "substance over form" principle and allocated to each sales obligation. If the Group gives promotional goods to customers associated with their purchases, the Group allocates the total considerations received between goods sold and promotional goods. The cost of promotional goods is recognised as cost of goods sold in the consolidated income statement.

### (b) Revenue from construction contracts

A construction contract is a contract specifically negotiated for the construction of an asset or a combination of assets that are closely interrelated or interdependent in terms of their design, technology and functions or their ultimate purpose of use.

When the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, revenue and costs are recognised by reference to the amount of work completed and certified by customers. Claimable receivable and other receivable are included in revenue to the extent that they have been agreed with customers, verified by the customers.

Where the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that contract costs incurred will be recoverable. Contract costs are only recognised when incurred during the year.

### 2.22 Revenue recognition (continued)

### (c) Revenue from rendering of services

Revenue from rendering of services is recognised in the consolidated income statement when the services are rendered, by reference to completion of the specific transaction assessed on the basis of the actual service provided as a proportion of the total services to be provided. Revenue from the sale of services is only recognised when all four (4) of the following conditions are satisfied:

- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group;
- The percentage of completion of the transaction at the consolidated balance sheet date can be measured reliably; and
- The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be measured reliably.

### (d) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on an earned basis.

### (e) Dividend income

Income from dividends is recognised when the Group has established receiving rights from investees

### 2.23 Cost of goods sold and services rendered

Cost of goods sold and services rendered are cost of finished goods, merchandises, materials sold and services provided during the year, and recorded on the basis of matching with revenue and on prudence basis.

### 2.24 Cost of construction contracts

Cost of construction contracts is recognised based on amount of work completed of construction projects and the estimated gross profit of the projects, and recorded on the basis of matching with revenue and on prudent concept. The Board of Management and Division Management have the responsibility to follow up, update and adjust the gross profit periodically.

Where it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense.

### 2.25 Financial expenses

Finance expenses are expenses incurred in the year for financial activities including interest expense, financial expenses for divestment from associate and losses from foreign exchange differences and payment discount.

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### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.26 General and administration expenses

General and administration expenses represent expenses that are incurred for administrative purposes.

### 2.27 Current and deferred CIT

CIT include all CIT which is based on taxable profits. CIT expense comprises current CIT expense and deferred CIT expense.

Current CIT is the amount of CIT payable or recoverable in respect of the current year taxable profits at the current year CIT rates. Current and deferred CIT should be are recognised as an income or an expense and included in the profit or loss of the year, except to the extent that the tax arises from a transaction or event which is recognised, in the same or a different year, directly in equity.

Deferred CIT is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. Deferred CIT is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of occurrence affects neither the accounting nor the taxable profit or loss. Deferred CIT is determined at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the financial year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the consolidated balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

### 2.28 Related parties

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with, the Group, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries are related parties of the Group. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Group that gives them significant influence over the enterprise, key management personnel, including the Board of Directors, the Board of Management of the Company and close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties.

In considering its relationships with each related party, the Group considers the substance of the relationships not merely the legal form.

### 2.29 Segment reporting

A segment is a component which can be separated by the Group engaged in providing products or services (business segment), or providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment). Each segment is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other segments. A reportable segment is the Group's business segment or the Group's geographical segment.

Segment information is prepared and presented in accordance with the Accounting policies applicable to the preparation and presentation of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the purpose of enabling users of the consolidated financial statements to understand clearly and evaluate the Group's performance in a comprehensive way.

### 2.30 Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on the preparation and presentation of consol financial statements requires the Board of Management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consol financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the financial year.

The areas involving significant estimates and assumptions are as follows:

- Gross profit (Note 2.24);
- Estimated useful life of fixed assets and investment properties held for lease (Note 11 and 12);
- Provision for doubtful debts (Note 8);
- Provision for decline in value of inventories (Note 9);
- Accrued expenses and provision for liabilities (Note 17 and 20); and
- Deffered income tax (Note 23).

Such estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experiences and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Group and that are assessed by the Board of Management to be reasonable under the circumstances.

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### 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2022 VND	2021 VND
Cash on hand Cash at bank (**) Cash equivalents (*)	720,444,688 77,086,034,920 160,987,034,602	361,986,356 59,352,327,000 785,000,000
Total	238,793,514,210	60,499,313,356

(\*) Cash equivalents include bank term deposits with original maturity of three months or less.

Total demand deposit as at 31 December 2022 of Arico amounting to VND47,000,000,000 and the deposit amount of VND3,565,396,764 were used as collateral for the loan at Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Industry and Trade (Note 19).

(\*\*) Total demand deposit of Greenpan as at 31 December 2022 amounting to VND355,000,000 was used as collateral for the loan at Military Commercial Joint Stock Bank (Note 19), and an amount of VND52,500,000,000 belonging to Searefico E&C was used as collateral for a loan at Vietnam Technological and Commercial Joint Stock Bank (Note 19).

### 4 INVESTMENTS

### (a) Investments held to maturity

2022		202	21
Cost VND	Book value VND	Cost VND	Book value VND
117,992,162,805	117,992,162,805	110,359,200,000	110,359,200,000
	Cost VND		Cost Book value Cost VND VND VND

2022

Included in the balance as at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021 are VND110 billion at Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Investment and Development of Vietnam was pledged as security for the overdraft agreement granted from this bank (Note 19).

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### 4 INVESTMENTS (continued)

### (b) Investments in associates

	2022		2021	
	Cost	% of	Cost	% of
	VND	ownership	VND	ownership
Thua Thien Hue Construction Joint Stock				
Corporation ("HCC") (*)	-	0.00	159,398,655,336	36.00
Quang Phu Investment and				
Solution Joint Stock				
Company ("Quang Phu") (**)	1,200,000,000	11.34	1,200,000,000	11.34
SEA MH Solar Limited				
Company ("MH Solar") (**)	900,000,000	11.34	900,000,000	11.34
	2,100,000,000		161,498,655,336	

- (\*) According to the Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 01/QĐ/SRF/HĐQT/22 dated 17 January 2022, the Company has divested all shares it owns in Thua Thien Hue Construction Joint Stock Corporation. This divestment was completed on 21 March 2022.
- (\*\*) As at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, the voting rights of the Group of holding companies at Quang Phu Investment and Solution Joint Stock Company and SEA MH Solar Co., Ltd. is 30% through Phoenix's ownership in these associated companies.

As at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, the Group of holding companies had not determined the fair value of these investments to disclose on the consolidated financial statements because they do not have listed prices and Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on the preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements do not provide detailed guidance on the methods to determine fair value. The fair value of such investments may be different from their book value.

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### 4 INVESTMENTS (continued)

### (c) Investments in other entities

	2022		2021	
	Cost VND	% of ownership	Cost VND	% of ownership
Formtek Engineering Joint Stock Company ("Formtek") International Investment and Water Technology	1,900,000,000	19.00	1,900,000,000	19.00
Joint Stock Company ("Inwatek")	1,556,717,362	1.73	2,556,717,362	2.84
	3,456,717,362		4,456,717,362	

As at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, the Group has not determined the fair value of these investments as these entity have not been listed on the stock market.

### 5 SHORT-TERM TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	2022 VND	2021 VND
Central Construction Joint Stock Company	221,677,266,018	- 94 360 700 350
Industrial Construction Joint Stock Company Syrena Phu Quoc Land Joint Stock Company	84,360,709,259 34,590,755,524	84,360,709,259
Saigon Binh Chau Corporation Hai Dang Real Estate Investment Joint Stock	21,893,743,960	61,437,508,486
Company	4,179,948,608	18,853,173,147
Others	373,934,262,007	561,353,192,960
Total	740,636,685,376	726,004,583,852

As at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, the past due balances of short-term trade accounts receivable were presented in Note 8.

### 6 SHORT-TERM PREPAYMENTS TO SUPPLIERS

	2022 VND	2021 VND
Viet Ceramics International Joint Stock Company Others	7,993,942,220 44,183,331,373	49,671,980,022
Total	52,177,273,593	49,671,980,022

As at 31 December 2021, the Group did not have any short-term prepayments to third parties balance that exceed 10% the total amount.

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### 7 OTHER RECEIVABLES

### (a) Short-term

	2022 VND	2021 VND
Third parties Other receivables from employees Deposits Interest income receivable from banks Interest expense incentive receivable from the State Others Related parties (Note 38(b))	38,296,075,407 20,351,190,898 8,549,065,705 2,910,988,039 2,246,872,974 4,237,957,791 4,267,522,916	33,229,826,650 19,156,645,335 2,515,176,829 2,691,587,949 6,553,989,388 2,312,427,149 4,435,150,958
Total	42,563,598,323	37,664,977,608

### (b) Long-term

The balances represent the long-term deposits.

As at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, there was no balance of other receivables that was past due or not past due but doubtful.

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### 8 DOUBTFUL DEBTS

Cost VND         Provision VND         Cost VND         Provision VND         VND <t< th=""><th></th><th>2022</th><th></th><th>2021</th><th>21</th></t<>		2022		2021	21
135,484,940,753 (108,695,647,118) 139,743,502,129 (31 et al., 26,709,259 (24,334,937,859) 84,360,709,259 et 24,334,937,859) 55,382,792,870 (30, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 2		Cost	Provision VND	Cost	Provision VND
pany 84,360,709,259 (84,360,709,259) 84,360,709,259 any 55,382,792,870 (30,30,30)	eceivables that were past due	135,484,940,753	(108,695,647,118)	139,743,502,129	(31,339,645,683)
	Company thers	84,360,709,259 51,124,231,494	(84,360,709,259) (24,334,937,859)	84,360,709,259 55,382,792,870	(400,592,562) (30,939,053,121)

Movements in provision for short-term doubtful debts during the year are as follows:

2022 2021 VND VND VND	31,339,645,683 56,018,338,316 77,356,001,435 2,407,933,133 - (10,510,901,068) - (16,575,724,698)	108,695,647,118 319,645,683

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	2022	22	2021	_
	Cost	Provision VND	Cost	Provision VND
Goods in transit	4,769,449,032	1	7,575,330,718	,
Raw materials	62,547,535,806	(3,056,781,620)	72,615,376,534	(858,592,878)
Tools and supplies	9,046,324,923	ı	1,890,627,188	•
Work in progress (*)	187,129,888,277	1	241,319,785,509	1
Finished goods	13,311,704,459	(3,227,980)	9,747,047,097	(8,336,962)
Merchandises	182,927,256		•	
Goods on consignment	1,037,327,787	_ 1	1,037,327,787	
	278,025,157,540	(3,060,009,600)	334,185,494,833	(866,929,840)

Movements in the provision for decline in value of inventories during the year were as follows:

2,193,079,760

# INVENTORIES (continued)

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(\*) Details for work in progress by projects are as follows:

	31.12.2022 VND	31.12.2021 VND
Le Meridien Cam Ranh Bay Resort and Spa Project	36,575,585,283	35,929,911,720
Melia Cam Ranh Bay Villas and Resort Project	13,490,382,498	13,288,229,998
Heritage West Lake Project	9,716,971,646	49,221,830
Hai Dang City Project - Stage 2 (The Zei)	9,048,914,712	5,741,799,804
Gateway Thao Dien Premium Residence Area Project	8,686,804,267	30,291,126,231
Hon Thom - Water Park Project	8,609,627,054	17,102,851,686
Cable car Castle 2	8,409,555,112	4,941,820,668
Regent Phu Quoc Project	8,401,220,597	7,166,287,460
LC Foods Project	7,282,629,114	ı
Radison Blu Project	6,441,731,409	15,846,962,827
Khanh Phong Plastic	5,872,586,518	4,852,924,153
Novaworld Ho Tram	3,361,508,804	9,351,521,161
Hon Thom - Interregional infrastructure project	1,412,532,895	6,069,664,532
Masteri Central Point Project	1	11,307,701,531
Cadivi Tower Project	1	9,933,358,917
Others	59,819,838,368	69,446,402,991
Total	187,129,888,277	241,319,785,509

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10	<b>PREPAID</b>	<b>EXPENSES</b>
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### (a) Short-term

	2022 VND	2021 VND
Tools and supplies Others	518,357,730 3,513,092,096	774,670,372 1,807,470,647
Total	4,031,449,826	2,582,141,019

### (b) Long-term

	2022 VND	2021 VND
Rental fee Tools and supplies Others	26,426,612,031 4,286,207,780 1,981,039,902	27,615,179,422 2,129,479,911 2,238,692,388
Total	32,693,859,713	31,983,351,721

### Movements in prepaid expenses during the year are as follows:

	2022 VND	2021 VND
Beginning of year Increase Transfer from construction in progress	34,565,492,740 15,485,965,966	36,569,639,381 14,496,648,972
(Note 12) Allocation	1,072,596,091 (14,398,745,258)	(16,500,795,613)
End of year	36,725,309,539	34,565,492,740

### 11 FIXED ASSETS

## (a) Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and buildings	Machinery and equipment	Motor vehicles VND	Office equipment VND	Others VND	Total VND
Historical cost As at 1 January 2022 New purchases Transfers from construction in progress	101,019,395,973	253,588,948,177 1,216,556,807	24,206,777,620 1,045,167,273	5,255,806,956 247,008,000	1,531,227,405 37,000,000	385,602,156,131 2,545,732,080
(Note 12) Disposals	(701,279,488)	79,700,000	1 1	447,000,000 (70,048,515)	(306,041,751)	526,700,000 (1,077,369,754)
As at 31 December 2022	100,318,116,485	254,885,204,984	25,251,944,893	5,879,766,441	1,262,185,654	387,597,218,457
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b> As at 1 January 2022 Charge for the year Disposals	38,664,812,048 2,802,665,860 (371,554,765)	64,050,652,252 11,833,908,755	7,199,148,218 1,423,861,990	4,503,443,859 358,533,794 (70,048,515)	1,340,731,734 26,297,332 (306,041,751)	115,758,788,111 16,445,267,731 (747,645,031)
As at 31 December 2022	41,095,923,143	75,884,561,007	8,623,010,208	4,791,929,138	1,060,987,315	131,456,410,811
<b>Net book value</b> As at 1 January 2022 As at 31 December 2022	62,354,583,925	189,538,295,925	17,007,629,402	752,363,097	190,495,671	269,843,368,020

Historical cost of fully depreciated tangible fixed assets but still in use as at 31 December 2022 was VND18,675,544,888 (as at 31 December 2021: VND18,675,544,888).

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### 11 FIXED ASSETS (continued)

### (a) Tangible fixed assets (continued)

As at 31 December 2022, the following tangible fixed assets were pledged with banks as collateral (Note 19) as follows:

- Tangible fixed assets of Greenpan with a carrying value of VND122,820,147,329 (as at 31 December 2021: VND122,820,147,329);
- Tangible fixed assets of Phoenix with a carrying value of VND13,191,485,612 (as at 31 December 2021: VND14,961,966,008); and
- Tangible fixed assets of Searee with a carrying value of VND877,883,462 (as at 31 December 2021: Nil).

### (b) Intangible fixed assets

Computer software VND	Others VND	Total VND
2,916,691,951	3,024,505,168	5,941,197,119
81,730,000		81,730,000
2,998,421,951	3,024,505,168	6,022,927,119
2,672,709,314 58,995,656	299,941,511 370,867,368	2,972,650,825 429,863,024
2,/31,/04,9/0	670,808,879	3,402,513,849
243,982,637	2,724,563,657	2,968,546,294
266,716,981	2,353,696,289	2,620,413,270
	2,916,691,951  81,730,000  2,998,421,951  2,672,709,314 58,995,656  2,731,704,970  243,982,637	software VND       Others VND         2,916,691,951       3,024,505,168         81,730,000       -         2,998,421,951       3,024,505,168         2,672,709,314 58,995,656       299,941,511 370,867,368         2,731,704,970       670,808,879         243,982,637       2,724,563,657

Historical cost of fully amortised intangible fixed assets but still in use as at 31 December 2022 was VND2,563,976,660 (as at 31 December 2021: VND2,563,976,660).

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### 12 CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

	2022 VND	2021 VND
Major projects		
Phu Quoc Apartments	13,704,464,512	13,704,464,512
Da Nang Apartments	13,065,337,500	13,065,337,500
Quality certificate project	4,360,160,160	2,380,956,278
Factory construction	1,482,881,362	206,242,799
Machinery	658,554,287	309,770,633
ERP system	-	2,970,701,405
Others	359,500,000	779,653,685
Total	33,630,897,821	33,417,126,812

Movements in the construction in progress during the year are as follows:

	2022 VND	2021 VND
Beginning of year	33,417,126,812	35,697,071,058
Purchase	4,438,511,518	16,150,770,869
Transfers to fixed assets (Note 11(a))	(526,700,000)	(14,166,347,534)
Transfers to intangible fixed assets (Note 11(b))	(81,730,000)	(1,755,264,556)
Transfers to prepaid (Note 10)	(1,072,596,091)	-
Transfers to inventory	(38,743,013)	(1,234,955,425)
Write-offs	(2,504,971,405)	-
Others	-	(1,274,147,600)
End of year	33,630,897,821	33,417,126,812

### 13 SHORT-TERM TRADE ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

	20	22	202	1	
	Value	Able-to-pay amount	Value	Able-to-pay amount	
	VND	VND	VND	VND	
Third parties  Dang Viet Construction	381,177,211,923	381,177,211,923	296,714,656,159	296,714,656,159	
Joint Stock Company Company Building and Construction Electrical	22,913,157,980	22,913,157,980	-	-	
The Minh	13, 378, 303, 958	13,378,303,958	17,827,619,781	17,827,619,781	
System Logistics Spa	4,560,223,035	4,560,223,035	17,575,969,372	17,575,969,372	
Others Related parties	347,018,480,750	347,018,480,750	261,311,067,006	261,311,067,006	
(Note 38(b))	-		9,807,710,075	9,807,710,075	
Total	381,177,211,923	381,177,211,923	306,522,366,234	306,522,366,234	

As at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, there was no balance of short-term trade accounts payable that was past due.

### 14 SHORT-TERM ADVANCES FROM CUSTOMERS

	2022 VND	2021 VND
Hoa Binh Construction Joint Stock Company Long An Investment Single-member Co., Ltd Kien A Khanh Hoa Investment Joint	49,141,289,665 42,000,000,000	-
Stock Company LC Foods Company Limited ARC Binh Duong Joint Stock Company	18,967,583,007 9,716,165,504	17,319,262,094 21,721,857,804 19,225,734,628
Others	88,012,222,666	51,181,280,637
Total	207,837,260,842	109,448,135,163

## TAX AND OTHER RECEIVABLES FROM/PAYABLES TO THE STATE BUDGET 15

Movements in tax and other receivables from/payables to the State during the year are as follows:

As at 31.12.2022 VND	18,038,625,008 780,429,578 339,847,596 98,831,148 3,000,000	19,260,733,330	12,691,948,318 1,231,009,196 256,277,075	14,179,234,589
Reclassification during the year VND	192,244,015 780,429,578 92,595,805 98,831,148 3,000,000	1,167,100,546	780,429,578 192,244,015 92,595,805 - 98,831,148	1,167,100,546
Net-off during the year VND	(120,082,476,271) - (736,584,686)	(120,819,060,957)	- (121,132,848,009) (736,584,686) 1,050,371,738	(120,819,060,957)
Payment during the year VND	69,466,774	69,466,774	(8,310,132,863) (4,513,089,574) (10,475,327,512) (18,154,885,711) (2,669,514,874) (151,925,365) (19,500,000)	(44,294,375,899)
Receivable/payable during the year VND	95,072,110,068	95,072,110,068	14,264,767,864 124,421,213,560 10,973,522,224 17,104,513,973 2,570,683,726 151,925,365 16,000,000	169,502,626,712
As at 1.1.2022 VND	42,787,280,422	43,771,116,899	5,956,883,739 2,263,489,204 402,071,244 - 500,000	8,622,944,187
	Tax receivables Input VAT CIT Personal income tax Import tax Business license tax	Total	Tax payables CIT VAT on domestic sales Personal income tax VAT on importation Import, export tax Foreign contractor tax Business license tax	Total
	(a)		(q)	

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### 16 PAYABLES TO EMPLOYEES

Payables to employees represent the amount payable to employees in relation to the remuneration as at 31 December 2022 and at 31 December 2021.

### 17 SHORT-TERM ACCRUED EXPENSES

	2022 VND	2021 VND
Accrued project costs Interest expense Others	138,375,540,882 612,559,081 4,296,362,967	86,173,263,527 986,349,517 3,457,430,532
Total	143,284,462,930	90,617,043,576

### 18 OTHER PAYABLES

### (a) Short-term

	2022 VND	2021 VND
Third parties	22,773,374,537	30,728,454,456
Other payables to employees Social, health and unemployment insurance	10,992,863,630	15,196,700,420
and trade union fees	3,601,289,386	3,363,669,319
Unemployment allowances	2,229,631,649	-
Dividends payable (Note 26)	596,400,800	596,400,800
Cash receipts from third party	-	3,500,000,000
Others	5,353,189,072	8,071,683,917
Related parties (Note 38(b))	543,670,087	277,253,140
Total	23,317,044,624	31,005,707,596

### (b) Long-term

	2022 VND	2021 VND
Long-term deposits Unemployment allowances	1,160,000,000	3,625,454,585
Total	1,160,000,000	3,625,454,585

### BORROWINGS AND FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES 19

### Short-term (a)

As at 31.12.2022 VND Carrying value (Able- to-pay amount)	431,568,030,553 313,348,000 2,945,207,000	434,826,585,553		As at 31.12.2022 VND Carrying value (Able-to-pay amount)	71,930,900,916 494,760,000	3,880,000,000	76,305,660,916
Current portion VND	11,716,251,751 313,348,000	12,029,599,751		Current portion	(11,716,251,751) (313,348,000)		(12,029,599,751)
Decrease	(1,035,293,423,117)	(1,035,293,423,117)	,	Decrease VND	(3,716,251,750) (82,460,000)	(120,000,000)	(3,918,711,750)
Increase	847,897,222,735 - 2,945,207,000	850,842,429,735	,	Increase VND	785,000,000 890,568,000		1,675,568,000
As at 1.1.2022 VND Carrying value (Able-to-pay	607,247,979,184	607,247,979,184		As at 1.1.2022 VND Carrying value (Able- to-pay amount)	86,578,404,417	4,000,000,000	90,578,404,417
	Bank loans Finance lease (Note (19(c)) Borrowings from related party (Note 38(b))	Total	Long-term		Bank loans Finance lease (Note (19(c))	(Note 38(b))	Total

(q)

# 19 BORROWINGS AND FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

Details of borrowings are as follows:

	2022 VND	2021 VND
Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Industry and Trade ("Vietinbank") Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Investment and Development of Vietnam ("BIDV")	130,685,205,575 110,306,006,595	185,080,648,192 200,459,229,096
Vietnam Technological and Commercial Joint – Stock Bank ("TCB")  Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam ("VCB")	99,615,708,018 74,628,770,541	- 180 813 468 588
Vietnam Maritime Commercial Join Stock Bank ("MSB")	73,816,248,857	65,558,523,700
Military Commercial Joint Stock Bank ("MBB")	13,764,789,501	61,706,754,025
Tien Phong Commercial Joint Stock Bank - Da Nang Branch ("TPB")	682,202,382	1
Vietnam Bank for Social Policies	T	207,760,000
Total	503,498,931,469	693,826,383,601

			(a))						
Collateral			Held-to-maturity investments (Note 4(a))	Fixed assets of Phoenix (Note 11(a)).			Motor vehicles (Note 11(a)).		
Purpose			To supplement working capital	To supplement working capital			To purchase motor vehicles		
Interest rate			109,931,006,595 Change for each drawdown	375,000,000 Change for each drawdown			8.8% per annum, will be adjusted every 3	months from 26 January 2022	
As at 31	December 2022	(VND)	109,931,006,595	375,000,000	Total:	110,306,006,595	682,202,382	2	
Bank			BIDV				TPB		

# 19 BORROWINGS AND FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

## (b) Long-term (continued)

Collateral	- Term deposit of Arico under deposit contract No. 922/2022/24705, 922/2022/24706, 922/2022/24706, 922/2022/24706, 922/2022/38053, 922/2022/39244 for certain contracts No. 22.88.0126/2022/HDBD/NHCT922 dated 8 August 2022, 22.88.0137/2022/HDBD/NHCT922 dated 8 September 2022, 22.88.0400/2022/HDBD/NHCT922 dated 9 November 2022, and 22.88.0401/2022/HDBD/NHCT922 dated 17 November 2022 with a total value of VND47,000,000,000 (Note 3).	- The right to collect debts formed in the future arising from the order No. 01/03/ARICO/2022 between GreenPan and Arico dated 3 January 2022 and other amendments (if any).  - Debt collection rights arising from the order No. 06/09/ARICO/PVT/2021 between GreenPan and Arico signed on 21 September 2021 and amendments (if any).  - Debt collection rights arising from the order No. 02/11/ARICO/PVT/2021, 04/11/ARICO/PVT/2021, 10/04/ARICO/PVT/2021, 13/11/ARICO/PVT/2021, 13/11/ARICO/PVT/	
Purpose	To supplement working capital	To supplement working capital	
Interest rate	Change for each drawdown	Change for each drawdown	
As at 31 December 2022 (VND)	74,647,749,107	41,165,780,646	
Bank	Vietinbank		

# 19 BORROWINGS AND FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

## (b) Long-term (continued)

Bank	As at 31 December 2022 (VND)	Interest rate	Purpose	Collateral
Vietinbank	7,084,431,987	Change for each drawdown	To supplement working capital	<ul> <li>The right to collect debts formed in the future arising from the Design and Supply Contract for smart warehouse system and warehouse construction No. 01/HDEPC/ARC/2021 on 22 January 2021 and the amendments (if any) signed between Searefico E&amp;C and ARC Binh Duong Joint Stock Company.</li> </ul>
	7,787,243,835 Total: 130,685,205,575	Change for each drawdown	To supplement working capital	<ul> <li>The loan is secured by a revolving claim of Searee to the party whose payment obligation is the Company's Branch; and rights future debt collection arising from construction contract No. 53/2021/HDTC/NVW.HT-TFC signed on 16 June 2021 between Searee and The Forest City Ltd., Co.</li> </ul>
TCB	99,615,708,018	Change for each drawdown	To supplement working capital	<ul> <li>Term deposit of Searefico E&amp;C account number 19438028876013 with value of VND52,500,000,000.</li> <li>Debt collection rights formed in the future arising from projects.</li> </ul>
VCB	74,628,770,541	Change for each drawdown	To upgrade machinery equipment, converse Arico's production technology and invest in projects for production of unburn construction material of Greenpan.	<ul> <li>Assets formed from loan capital and fully supported with interest under the Program stimulate investment demand under Decision No. 5592/QB-UBND dated 25 October 2016 and Decision No. 5940/QD-UBND dated 25 December 2018 of the Ho Chi Minh City People's Committee.</li> <li>Fixed assets of Greenpan (Note 11(a)).</li> </ul>
MBB	2,000,000,000	Change for each drawdown	To supplement working capital	- Unsecured.
	3,428,609,757	Change for each drawdown	To supplement working capital	<ul> <li>Demand deposit of VND335,000,000 (Note 3).</li> <li>Account receivables with a value of VND7,563,456,000</li> </ul>
	8,336,179,744 Total: 13,764,789,501	Change for each drawdown	To supplement working capital	<ul> <li>Fixed assets of Phoenix (Note 11(a)).</li> </ul>

# 19 BORROWINGS AND FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

## (b) Long-term (continued)

Bank	As at 31 December 2022 (VND)	Interest rate	Purpose	Collateral
MSB	8,945,522,205	Change for each drawdown	To supplement working capital	Unsecured
	8,804,165,928	Change for each drawdown	To supplement working capital	Unsecured
	29,610,853,712	Change for each	To supplement working capital	Unsecured
	26,455,707,012	Change for each drawdown	To supplement working capital	Unsecured
	Total:	•		
	73.816.248.857			

## (c) Finance lease liabilities

	Principal VND	1 1	
2021	Interest	1 1	
	Total	1 1	
	Principal VND	313,348,000 494,760,000	808,108,000
2022	Interest VND	79,359,504 51,949,800	131,309,304
	Total	392,707,504 546,709,800	939,417,304
		Within one year Between one and five years	

## Details of finance lease liabilities is as below:

Interest rate (by year)	CILC's VND standard rate + 5.95% margin	
Due date	19/12/2025	
31.12.2021 VND	ı	
31.12.2022 VND	808,108,000	
Finance Lessor	Chailease International Leasing Co., Ltd.	

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### 20 PROVISION FOR LIABILITIES

### (a) Short-term

	2022 VND	2021 VND
Beginning of year Provision Utilisation	1,376,538,681 297,385,264 (1,061,904,283)	2,011,567,497 1,489,854,877 (2,124,883,693)
End of year	612,019,662	1,376,538,681

Provision for short-term liabilities represent warranty for projects that have been completed and handed over.

### (b) Long-term

Provision for long-term liabilities represents provision for severance allowances payable to employees of the Group as at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021.

### 21 BONUS AND WELFARE FUNDS

	2022 VND	2021 VND
Beginning of year Increase during the year (*) (Note 24,25) Utilisation during the year	13,375,799,984 3,169,910,675 (9,407,650,881)	15,814,687,470 6,574,730,987 (9,013,618,473)
End of year	7,138,059,778	13,375,799,984

(\*) According to the Resolution of the General Meeting of Shareholders No. 02/NQ/SRF/ĐHĐCĐ/22 dated 14 April 2022, the Shareholders of the Company approved the appropriation of profit to bonus and welfare funds with an amount of VND1,754,130,533.

According to the Resolution of the General Meeting of Shareholders No. 01/ĐHĐCĐ/NQ/22 dated 14 April 2022, the Shareholders of Arico approved the appropriation of profit to bonus and welfare funds with an amount of VND1,415,780,142.

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### 22 DEFERRED INCOME TAX ASSETS

2022 VND	2021 VND
13,686,012,020	13,086,107,310
866,579,218	1,638,669,831
14,552,591,238	14,724,777,141
are as follows:	
2022 VND	2021 VND
14,724,777,141	12,602,901,507
(172,185,903)	2,121,875,634
14,552,591,238	14,724,777,141
2022 VND	2021 VND
6,300,000,000	6,300,000,000
3,113,351,734	3,255,938,995
2,320,941,165 2,818,298,339	3,091,404,557 2,077,433,589
14,552,591,238	14,724,777,141
	VND  13,686,012,020 866,579,218  14,552,591,238  are as follows:  2022 VND  14,724,777,141 (172,185,903)  14,552,591,238  2022 VND  6,300,000,000 3,113,351,734 2,320,941,165 2,818,298,339

Tax rates used for determining deferred tax assets in the years 2022 and 2021 is 20% for the Company, 20% for Arico and 10% for Greenpan.

### 23 OWNERS' CAPITAL

### (a) Number of ordinary shares

	2022 Ordinary shares	2021 Ordinary shares
Number of shares registered	35,566,780	35,566,780
Number of shares issued Number of shares repurchased	35,566,780 (1,780,000)	35,566,780 (1,780,000)
Number of existing shares in circulation	33,786,780	33,786,780

### (b) Details of owners' shareholding

_	2022 Ordinary		2021	
	shares	%	Ordinary shares	%
Taisei Oncho Company Limited Sanyo Engineering & Construction	8,909,456	25.05	8,909,456	25.05
Vietnam Company Limited Vietnam Seaproducts Joint Stock	7,150,000	20.10	7,150,000	20.10
Corporation	4,567,200	12.85	4,567,200	12.85
Other shareholders	13,160,124	37.00	13,160,124	37.00
Treasury shares	1,780,000	5.00	1,780,000	5.00
Number of shares	35,566,780	100.00	35,566,780	100.00

### (c) Movement of owners' capital

_	Ordina	ry shares
	Shares	VND
As at 1 January 2021 New shares issued	32,495,397 3,071,383	324,953,970,000 30,713,830,000
As at 31 December 2021 New shares issued	35,566,780	355,667,800,000
As at 31 December 2022	35,566,780	355,667,800,000

Par value per share: VND10,000. Each ordinary share represents the voting right at the Company's Shareholders' General Meeting. The shareholders receive dividend at any time the Company noticed. All the ordinary shares have the same priority with the remaining assets of the Company.

24 MOVEMENTS IN OWNERS' EQUITY

Total	460,717,715,606 29,464,660,878	(6,094,065,573)	484,088,310,911 (141,294,029,892)	(2,943,385,852)	339,850,895,167
Undistributed earnings VND	151,993,358,462 29,464,660,878	(6,094,065,573)	144,650,123,767 (141,294,029,892)	(2,943,385,852)	412,708,023
Investment and development funds	8,308,963,938	1 1	8,308,963,938	I	8,308,963,938
Treasury shares VND	(29,238,407,099)	TT	(29,238,407,099)	1	(29,238,407,099)
Owners' other capital VND	4,415,811,246	( )	4,415,811,246		4,415,811,246
Share premium VND	284,019,059	J I	284,019,059	1	284,019,059
Owners' capital VND	324,953,970,000	30,713,830,000	355,667,800,000	1	355,667,800,000
	As at 1 January 2021 Net profit for the year Appropriation to Bonus and	Appropriation to bonus and welfare funds Dividends declared (Note 26)	As at 31 December 2021 Net loss for the year	welfare funds (Note 21)	As at 31 December 2022

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### 25 NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

Details of non-controlling interests are as follows:

	2022 VND	2021 VND
Share capital Undistributed earnings	86,005,000,000 3,132,905,880	83,130,000,000 6,462,540,169
	89,137,905,880	89,592,540,169

Movements in non-controlling interests during the year are as follows:

	2022 VND	2021 VND
Beginning of year Capital increase during the year Net (loss)/profit for the year Reissuance of treasury shares Appropriation to bonus and welfare funds	89,592,540,169 - (36,109,466) -	76,029,718,906 10,391,740,000 4,895,127,679 377,300,000
(Note 21) Dividends declared	(226,524,823) (192,000,000)	(480,665,414) (1,620,681,002)
Ending of year	89,137,905,880	89,592,540,169

### 26 DIVIDENDS

	2022 VND	2021 VND
Beginning of year Dividends payable during the year (Note 24) Dividend for the year Dividends paid during the year Dividend paid by issuing shares (Note 24)	596,400,800 - - - -	596,400,800 30,713,830,000 <i>30,713,830,000</i> (30,713,830,000) ( <i>30,713,830,000</i> )
End of year (Note 18(a))	596,400,800	596,400,800

### 27 EARNINGS PER SHARE

### (a) Basic (loss)/earnings per share

	Year ended 31	December
	2022	2021
Net (loss)/profit attributable to shareholders (VND) Less amount allocated to bonus and	(141,294,029,892)	29,464,660,878
welfare funds (VND) (*)	(2,943,385,852)	(6,094,065,573)
	(144,237,415,744)	23,370,595,305
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (shares)	33,786,780	31,683,093
Basic (loss)/earnings per share (VND)	(4,269)	738

Basic (loss)/earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net (loss)/profit attributable to shareholders after deducting the bonus and welfare funds by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year, excluding ordinary shares repurchased by the Company and held as treasury shares.

(\*) Expected deductions for bonus and welfare funds for the financial year ended on 31 December 2022 based on the profit distribution plan in 2022 according to the Resolution of the Shareholders' General Meeting No. 02/NQ/SRF/ĐHĐCĐ/22 on 14 April 2022 and according to the Decision of the Board of Directors dated 31 December 2022 of the Company.

### (b) Diluted (loss)/earnings per share

Diluted (loss)/earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net (loss)/profit attributable to shareholders, which already subtracted the bonus and welfare funds, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year and the ordinary shares expected to be issued.

The Company had no potential ordinary shares which can dilute (loss)/earnings per share during the year and up to the date of these consolidated financial statements.

### 28 OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

	2022	2021
Foreign currencies		
United States Dollar (USD)	14,314.94	1,314.99
Euro (EUR)	9,398.74	-
Great British Pound (GBP)	-	7.16
Australian Dollar (AUD)	-	0.67

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29	<b>NET REVENUE FROM</b>	SALES OF GOODS AND	RENDERING OF SERVICES
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	2022 VND	2021 VND
Net revenue from construction contracts Net revenue from sales of goods Net revenue from other services Net revenue from sales of scraps	927,437,199,932 240,929,733,813 16,219,703,986 1,021,784,239	740,563,284,161 187,929,959,853 1,781,614,061 165,281,364
Total	1,185,608,421,970	930,440,139,439
COST OF GOODS SOLD AND SERVICES R	ENDERED	
	2022 VND	2021 VND
Cost of construction contracts Cost of goods sold Cost of other services Provision/(reversal of provision) for decline in value of inventories (Note 9)	963,874,715,870 224,118,129,242 14,186,958,759 2,193,079,760	685,269,255,379 158,227,572,359 531,004,705 (136,754,168)
Total	1,204,372,883,631	843,891,078,275
FINANCIAL INCOME	-	
	2022 VND	2021 VND
Income from divestment from an associate Interest income from deposits and loans Interest income from bonds Realised foreign exchange gains Dividends Net gain from foreign currency translation at year-end Others	87,586,544,644 11,492,383,044 3,761,238,549 1,680,980,617 84,000,000	7,945,264,909 - 1,413,778,269 120,000,000 3,087,573,219 101,899,173
Total	104,618,916,125	12,668,515,570

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32	FINANCIAL EXPENSES		
		2022 VND	2021 VND
	Interest expense Expenses for divestment from associate Net loss from foreign currency translation at	38,869,072,408 7,657,899,612	36,489,486,150
	year-end Realised foreign exchange losses Other financial expenses	1,673,920,556 593,129,249	- 111,481,146 129,724,249
	Total	48,794,021,825	36,730,691,545
33	GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES		
		2022 VND	2021 VND
	Provision/(reversal of provision) for doubtful debts (Note 8) Staff costs Outside service expenses Written-off bad debts Depreciation and amortisation Tools and supplies Others	77,356,001,435 51,824,673,093 15,267,433,483 5,002,387,500 2,160,459,665 480,720,344 8,335,132,111	(8,102,967,935) 33,586,487,323 11,882,644,711 - 2,086,585,660 111,330,971 4,172,211,083
	Total	160,426,807,631	43,736,291,813
34	OTHER INCOME AND OTHER EXPENSES		
		2022 VND	2021 VND
	Other income Written-off payables Gains on disposal of fixed assets Others Total	1,105,432,503 - 2,574,548,805 - 3,679,981,308	1,184,541,334 423,674,193
	Other expenses Fines Losses on disposal of fixed assets Others	1,547,333,638 137,874,723 1,381,542,008	276,854,107 - 924,396,517
	Total	3,066,750,369	

### 35 CORPORATE INCOME TAX ("CIT")

### Arico

Pursuant to the Investment certificate No. 41221000103 issued by the DPI of Ho Chi Minh City on 2 April 2008, tax inspection minutes dated 23 September 2013 for the period from 2010 to 2012 and other current regulations, the Board of Management assessed that Arico is entitled to CIT incentives at tax rate of 15% for 12 years from the first year of arising revenue from CIT incentive activities (2010), CIT exemption for 3 years from the first year of arising taxable income (2010 – 2012) and a 50% CIT reduction for 7 years thereafter (2013 – 2019). In 2 consecutive years (2020 – 2021), Arico is entitled to CIT incentives at tax rate of 15%, and from 2022 onwards, Arico has the obligation to pay business income tax at common tax rate.

### Greenpan

Pursuant to Investment registration certificate No. 6748616720 dated 24 October 2018 issued by the People's Committee of Ho Chi Minh City and current tax regulations, the Director assessed that the Company obliged to pay CIT on the income from the investment project at incentive tax rate of 10% for 15 years from the first year of having taxable revenue from the project, CIT exemption for 4 years from the first year of having taxable income from the project and a 50% CIT reduction for 9 years thereafter.

No provision for CIT has been made for the year as the Company has no taxable income.

### Phoenix

Pursuant to enterprise registration certificate joint stock company No. 0315869795 initially issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City on 28 August 2019 and the latest 1st amendment dated 27 March 2020 and current tax regulations, the Director assessed that the Company obliged to pay CIT on the income from the investment project at incentive tax rate of 10% for 15 years from the first year of having taxable revenue from the project (from year 2020), CIT exemption for 4 years from the first year of having taxable income from the project (from year 2020) and a 50% CIT reduction for 9 years thereafter.

### The Company and other subsidiaries

Pursuant to Circular No. 96/2015/TT-BTC dated 22 June 2015 issued by the Ministry of Finance, the Company and its remaining subsidiaries have the obligation to pay CIT at the rate of 20% of taxable profit.

### 35 CORPORATE INCOME TAX ("CIT") (continued)

The CIT on the Group's (loss)/profit before tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the applicable tax rate as follows:

•	2022 VND	2021 VND
Net accounting (loss)/profit before tax	(126,893,185,591)	37,910,501,802
Tax calculated at a rate of 20%	(26,212,963,372)	6,310,982,973
Tax calculated at a rate of 10% Effect of:	413,970,196	635,558,693
Income not subject to tax	(201,600,000)	(3,471,607,571)
Net income from divestment an associate  Tax losses in subsidiaries for which no deferred	21,601,155,067	-
income tax asset was recognised	17,350,263,171	691,093,215
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Tax incentive	1,196,230,372 -	877,407,611 (626,091,509)
Tax deduction	(220,381,736)	(838, 278, 460)
Tax exemption	(413,970,196)	(635, 558, 693)
Under-provision in previous years	924,250,265	607,206,986
CIT charge (*)	14,436,953,767	3,550,713,245
Charged/(credited) to consolidated income statement:		
CIT – current	14,264,767,864	5,672,588,879
CIT- deferred (Note 22)	172,185,903	(2,121,875,634)
CIT charge (*)	14,436,953,767	3,550,713,245

(\*) The current CIT charge for the year is based on estimated taxable income and is subject to review and possible adjustments by the tax authorities.

The Company's tax losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable profits for a maximum period of no more than five consecutive years from the year right after the year in which the loss was incurred. The actual amount of tax losses that can be carried forward is subject to review and approval of the tax authorities and may be different from the figures presented in financial statements. The estimated amount of tax losses available for offset against the Company's future taxable profit is:

### Arico

Year of tax loss	Status of tax authorities' review	Loss incurred VND	Loss utilised VND	Loss carried forward VND
2022	Outstanding	18,673,191,110	-	18,673,191,110

Arico did not recognise deferred income tax assets relating to the above tax losses carried forward, as the realisation of the related tax benefits through future taxable profits currently cannot be assessed as probable or the amount of deferred income tax assets is assessed insignificant.

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### 35 CORPORATE INCOME TAX ("CIT") (continued)

### The Branch

Year of tax loss	Status of tax authorities' review	Loss incurred VND	Loss forfeited VND	Loss carried forward VND
2021 2022	Outstanding Outstanding	3,147,794,075 107,408,859,750	3,147,794,075 107,408,859,750	-

The Branch did not recognise deferred income tax assets relating to the above tax losses carried forward, as the branch will be closed in the future.

### 36 COSTS OF OPERATION BY FACTOR

	2022 VND	2021 VND
Raw materials Outside service expenses Staff costs Provision/(reversal of provision) for	598,978,834,787 421,820,859,040 172,864,859,161	631,027,899,205 134,806,687,618 149,785,361,964
doubtful debts (Note 8) Depreciation and amortisation expenses Provision/(reversal of provision) for decline in	77,356,001,435 16,875,130,755	(8,102,967,935) 16,866,016,999
value of inventories (Note 9) Tools and supplies Others	2,193,079,760 3,503,807,984 19,719,532,508	(136,754,168) 2,630,037,612 11,536,348,959
	1,313,312,105,430	938,412,630,254

## 37 SEGMENT REPORTING

### Business segment

Construction and sales of goods and other services are the main activities generating revenue and profit for the Group. The Group does not track information about assets and liabilities by business sector.

## Year ended 31 December 2022

		ובמו בוו	I cal cilded of Decelline 2027	220	
				Sales of	
	Construction VND	Sales of goods VND	Other services VND	scraps	Total
Net revenue Cost of sales	927,437,199,932 (963,874,715,870)	240,929,733,813 (226,311,209,002)	16,219,703,986 (14,186,958,759)	1,021,784,239	1,185,608,421,970 (1,204,372,883,631)
Gross profit/(loss)	(36,437,515,938)	14,618,524,811	2,032,745,227	1,021,784,239	(18,764,461,661)
		Year end	Year ended 31 December 2021	1021	
	Construction	Sales of goods VND	Other services VND	Sales of scraps VND	Total
Net revenue Cost of sales	740,563,284,161 (685,269,255,379)	187,929,959,853 (158,090,818,191)	1,781,614,061 (531,004,705)	165,281,364	930,440,139,439 (843,891,078,275)
Gross profit	55,294,028,782	29,839,141,662	1,250,609,356	165,281,364	86,549,061,164

### Geographical segment

The Group carries out all production and business activities mainly in the territory of Vietnam. Therefore, the Group does not present geographical segment.

### 38 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Details of subsidiaries and associates are given in Note 4.

The divestment at Thua Thien Hue Construction Joint Stock Corporation was completed on 21 March 2022, therefore as at 31 December 2022, Thua Thien Hue Construction Joint Stock Corporation was no longer a related party of the Group.

### (a) Related party transactions

The primary transactions with related parties incurred in the year are:

Related party	Relationship	Nature of transaction	2022 VND	2021 VND	
i) The salary and remuneration of key management					
Remuneration for the Board Mr. Le Tan Phuoc Mr. Nguyen Huu Thinh Mr. Ryota Fukuda Mr. Nishi Masayuki Mr. Le Quang Phuc Mr. Pham Kyle Anh Tuan Mr. Lee Men Leng Salaries and benefits of the Mr. Vu Xuan Thuc Mr. Tran Dinh Muoi Mr. Dinh Ngoc Trien Mrs. Nguyen Thi Thanh H Mr. Pham Ngoc Son Mr. Huynh Khoi Binh Mr. Nguyen Quoc Cuong Mr. Phan Thanh Long Mr. Vuong Tran Quoc The	Board of Manag		1,920,000,000 420,000,000 300,000,000 300,000,000 300,000,0	1,560,000,000 360,000,000 240,000,000 240,000,000 240,000,000 240,000,000 3,343,689,458 1,344,057,580 903,044,706	
ii) Financing activities					
Mr. Nguyen Khoa Dang Mr. Pham Ngoc Son Mr. Pham Ngoc Son Mr. Le Quang Thong	Related party Related party Related party Related party	Borrowings received Borrowings received Borrowings repaid Captial contribution	2,945,207,000	4,000,000,000 - 525,000,000	

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### 38 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

### (b) Year end balances with related parties

Related party	Relationship	Nature of transaction	2022 VND	2021 VND	
Other short-term receivables (Note 7(a))					
Members of the Board of Directors, Board of Management Mr. Nguyen Khoa Dang Mr. Phan Dinh Vinh Mr. Dao Ngoc Long	Related party Related party Related party	Others Others Others	2,586,301,846 707,768,584 452,823,032 520,629,454 4,267,522,916	3,346,447,571 500,525,087 550,678,300 37,500,000 4,435,150,958	
Short-term trade accounts payable (	(Note 13)	Construction services		9,807,710,075	
Other short-term payables (Note 18	(a))				
Members of the Board of Directors, Board of Management Mr. Dao Ngoc Long HCC	Related party	Others Others Late payment interest	476,614,210 67,055,877 - 543,670,087	124,215,000 64,395,877 88,642,263 277,253,140	
Short-term borrowing and finance lease liabilities (Note 19(a))					
Mr. Nguyen Khoa Dang	Related party	Borrowing	2,945,207,000		
Long-term borrowing and finance lease liabilities (Note 19(b))					
Mr. Pham Ngoc Son	Related party	Borrowing	3,880,000,000	4,000,000,000	

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UXUan Thuc

Chief Executive Officer

### 39 COMMITMENTS

### (a) Commitments under operating leases

The future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	2022 VND	2021 VND
Within one year Between one and five years Over five years	2,455,543,858 4,007,575,433 18,922,617,125	5,084,743,858 5,461,225,433 21,197,700,416
Total minimum payments	25,385,736,416	31,743,669,70

### (b) Other commitments

As at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, the Group was committed by banks to provide guarantees with a total amount of VND584,809,770,237 and VND209,180,361,124 respectively for the advance guarantee, tender guarantee, retained payment guarantee, contract performance guarantee, contract quality assurance guarantee and warranty guarantee.

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Management on 15 March 2023.

Nguyen Thanh Tam

Preparer

Dinh Ngoc Trien Chief Accountant

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